Pt. 63, Subpt. ZZZZ, Table 3

[75 FR 9681, Mar. 3, 2010]

TABLE 3 TO SUBPART ZZZZ OF PART 63—SUBSEQUENT PERFORMANCE TESTS

As stated in $\S63.6615$ and 63.6620, you must comply with the following subsequent performance test requirements:

For each	Complying with the requirement to	You must
SLB and 4SLB stationary RICE with a brake horsepower >500 located at major sources and new or reconstructed Cl stationary RICE with a brake horsepower >500 located at major sources.		Conduct subsequent performance tests semiannually. ¹
2. 4SRB stationary RICE with a brake horsepower ≥5,000 located at major sources.	Reduce formaldehyde emissions	Conduct subsequent performance tests semiannually.1
Stationary RICE with a brake horse-power >500 located at major sources. Existing non-emergency, non-black start CI stationary RICE with a brake horsepower >500 that are not limited use stationary RICE.		Conduct subsequent performance tests semiannually. ¹ Conduct subsequent performance tests every 8,760 hrs or 3 years, whichever comes first.
5. Existing non-emergency, non-black start Cl stationary RICE with a brake horsepower >500 that are limited use stationary RICE.		Conduct subsequent performance tests every 8,760 hrs or 5 years, whichever comes first.

¹After you have demonstrated compliance for two consecutive tests, you may reduce the frequency of subsequent performance tests to annually. If the results of any subsequent annual performance test indicate the stationary RICE is not in compliance with the CO or formaldehyde emission limitation, or you deviate from any of your operating limitations, you must resume semi-annual performance tests.

[75 FR 9682, Mar. 3, 2010]

TABLE 4 TO SUBPART ZZZZ OF PART 63—REQUIREMENTS FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

As stated in $\S 63.6610$, 63.6611, 63.6612, 63.6620, and 63.6640, you must comply with the following requirements for performance tests for stationary RICE for existing sources:

For each	Complying with the requirement to	You must	Using	According to the following requirements
1. 2SLB, 4SLB, and CI stationary RICE.	a. Reduce CO emissions.	i. Measure the O ₂ at the inlet and outlet of the control device; and	(1) Portable CO and O ₂ analyzer	(a) Using ASTM D6522–00 (2005) a (incorporated by reference, see § 63.14). Measurements to determine O ₂ must be made at the same time as the measurements for CO concentration.
		ii. Measure the CO at the inlet and the outlet of the control device.	(1) Portable CO and O ₂ analyzer	(a) Using ASTM D6522–00 (2005) ^{a,b} (incorporated by reference, see § 63.14) or Method 10 of 40 CFR appendix A. The CO concentration must be at 15 percent O ₂ , dry basis.
2. 4SRB stationary RICE.	Reduce form- aldehyde emis- sions.	i. Select the sam- pling port loca- tion and the number of tra- verse points; and	(1) Method 1 or 1A of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A § 63.7(d)(1)(i).	(a) Sampling sites must be located at the inlet and outlet of the control device.
		ii. Measure O ₂ at the inlet and out- let of the control device; and	(1) Method 3 or 3A or 3B of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, or ASTM Method D6522–00 (2005).	(a) Measurements to determine O ₂ concentration must be made at the same time as the measurements for formaldehyde con- centration.
		iii. Measure mois- ture content at the inlet and out- let of the control device; and	(1) Method 4 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, or Test Method 320 of 40 CFR part 63, appendix A, or ASTM D 6348-03.	(a) Measurements to determine moisture content must be made at the same time and location as the measurements for formaldehyde concentration.